

# HEALTH SOIL MEANS... Healthy Farms <u>and</u> Cleaner Water!

National Hypoxia Taskforce Meeting
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NRCS - HELPING PEOPLE HELP THE LAND







# Improving Soil Health and Water Quality through

# **Conservation Cropping Systems**



Soil Health = Increased Productivity and Sustainability

Healthy, Productive Soils System Criteria







#### Healthy, Productive Soils System Criteria









Photo: coastalcare.com







## "Houston. We have a problem."









# The Changing Landscape of Conservation Assistance

- The nation is facing expanding and conflicting environmental, land use, and food production priorities.
- The ability for government to provide increased education and support is becoming limited.
- Societal support for expanded regulation appears to be waning.



**Soil Quality** - functional ability of soil to support optimal biological activity and diversity for plant and animal productivity, to regulate water flow and storage, and to provide an environmental buffer

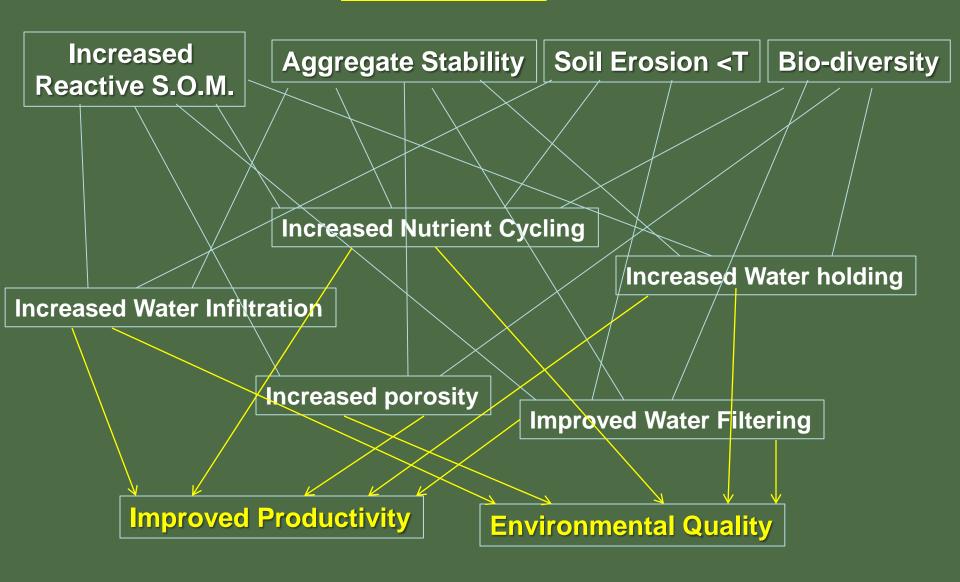
Soil Health: continued capacity of soil as a vital living system whereby plant and animal growth and environmental quality is sustained; a holistic approach in which plant, animal, and human health is promoted



Soil Health: "the continued capacity of soil as a vital living system with balanced and complex biological communities whereby carbon, nutrients and water are cycled efficiently assuring primary production and environmental quality are optimized; a holistic approach in which plant, animal, and human health can flourish"

(Fisher, last night)

#### **Soil Health:**

















Incomplete System = sediment and nutrient loss



Lake Erie = sediment and algae plumes



**SOLUTION** = Conservation Cropping Systems

#### **Water Quality**







#### Synergistic Benefits of the System



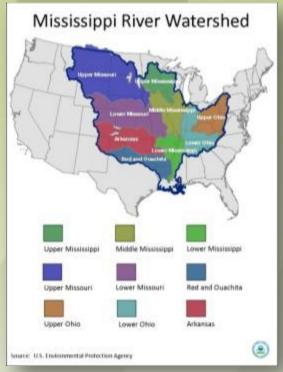


- Nutrient management, no-till, crop rotation and cover crops were implemented as a SYSTEM!
- Annual Nitrate concentrations in tile water dropped from over 30 mg/l to under 10 mg/l

- Dr. Eileen Kladivko Purdue University



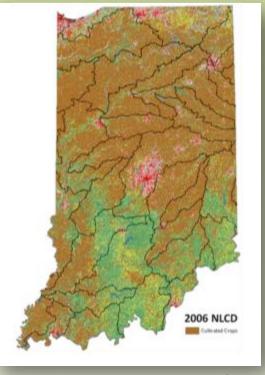




Incomplete System = more runoff & less water-holding capacity



Mississippi River Watershed Flood 2011 = flood damage, sediment and nutrients



SOLUTION = Conservation Cropping Systems on a watershed scale

#### Water Quantity

#### Healthy, Productive Soils System Criteria









Conservation Tillage

No-Till

Continuous No-Till + Cover Crops







#### A landscape example...

By increasing the water absorption of all of the cropland in the Mississippi River Basin by just one-half inch (through improved soil quality), that water retention would be the equivalent of...







#### A landscape example...

 The amount of water that flows over
 Niagara Falls in 83 days!!!











Incomplete System = particulate matter and emissions



Lubbock, Texas 2011 = particulate matter



**SOLUTION** = Conservation Cropping Systems

#### **Air Quality**









Incomplete System = no cover, minimal biology



**Healthy Soil Biota** 



SOLUTION =
Conservation Cropping
Systems











Incomplete System =
Higher likelihood for
environmental concerns



Gully Erosion Repair = 1 acre treated/\$16,000 to install/40+ hours NRCS staff time



SOLUTION = Conservation
Cropping Systems
60+ acres treated/\$16,000 to
adopt/16 hours NRCS staff time

#### **Public Cost Savings**







#### **Cover Crops in the System**

#### **Year-Round LIVING Cover:**

- Improves water quality
- Protects the soil
- traps nutrients
- Reduces compaction
- Increases infiltration
- Promotes soil biology
- Builds and sequesters carbon



Cover Crop

No Cover Crop









#### **Nutrient Management/Precision Technology**





#### The Soil is **NOT** a chemistry set

- Apply right source and right amount, at the right time, in the right place based on soil function, biology and crop need
- Minimizes soil disturbance, compaction and overlap
- Reduces nutrient losses and improves soil biological function







#### Strategic Buffers in the System

- Strategic locations
  - Low-Yielding Areas
  - Filtering Opportunities

 Reduces inputs, filters sediment and nutrients, provides habitat











# So.... What Are Farmers Saying? FARMERS CAN SEE THAT HEALTHY SOIL MAKES SENSE AND MONEY!







# Meet Landowners Who Are Incorporating Conservation Cropping Systems

Dave Brandt, OH



Ray Styer, NC



Steve Groff, PA



Gabe Brown, ND



Ray McCormick, IN









## Soil Slake Test Infiltration Test









Virginia



System Incomplete System



System Incomplete System

Missouri



Stable, Sustainable Food Supply

**Risk Reduction** 

"Insurance" against drought, floods, markets







Cameron Mills, Cass County, IN Corn, soybeans rotation

+Add annual rye grass after the corn in the fall

### =4-6 bushels more soybeans











"The sun's energy is our free resource

...In 20 years, gone from 2%-4% O.M."

Dan DeSutter, Attica, IN

- Every 1% O.M. in top 12"
- =16,500 gpa in increased water holding capacity
- How much is a 1.2" rain in August worth?









#### **Healthy Soil Means...**

- Lower energy and fuel needs because of less soil disturbance and less labor needed
- Increased capture of the sun's energy by using winter cover crops to add an extra 4 to 5 months of photosynthesis
- Increased crop production capability because more water is available due to increased organic matter, soil nutrient cycling is improved, and more pathways for crops to obtain needed resources are created







#### Healthy Soil Means (continued)

- Increased land is available for crop production (not horizontally on sensitive lands, but vertically by accessing much more of the soil profile)
- Greater yield protection
- Only one extra inch of water in August (saved through soil health practices) can mean an extra 20-40 bushels per acre in corn yield.
- Reduced compaction
- Weed control

Healthy, Productive Soils System Criteria













#### **NRCS** is Making Soil Health A Priority!

- Decision based the positive resource benefits achieved from the promotion of soil health through conservation cropping systems over past several years
- Achieving soil health is accomplished through conservation cropping systems that implement:
  - A Functioning No-till System
  - Cover Crops
  - Nutrient Management
  - Pest Management
  - Crop Rotation
  - Buffers



With new agricultural tools, technology, and genetics available today, achieving functioning soil health is a reality







#### **Indiana's Soil Health Strategy**

- Establish a State Soil Health
   Specialist position
- Establish Area Soil Health Teams to identify local training and technical needs
- Prioritize contribution
   agreements, staffing decisions, •
   development of tools,
   alternative work situations and
   mobile planning concepts
- Make soil health a priority in the Indiana communications plan

- Require NRCS Indiana employees meet skill level for soil health concepts
- Support soil health as a training priority for <u>all</u> employees
- Ensure partners and leaders are aware of the positive effect of conservation cropping systems on soil health

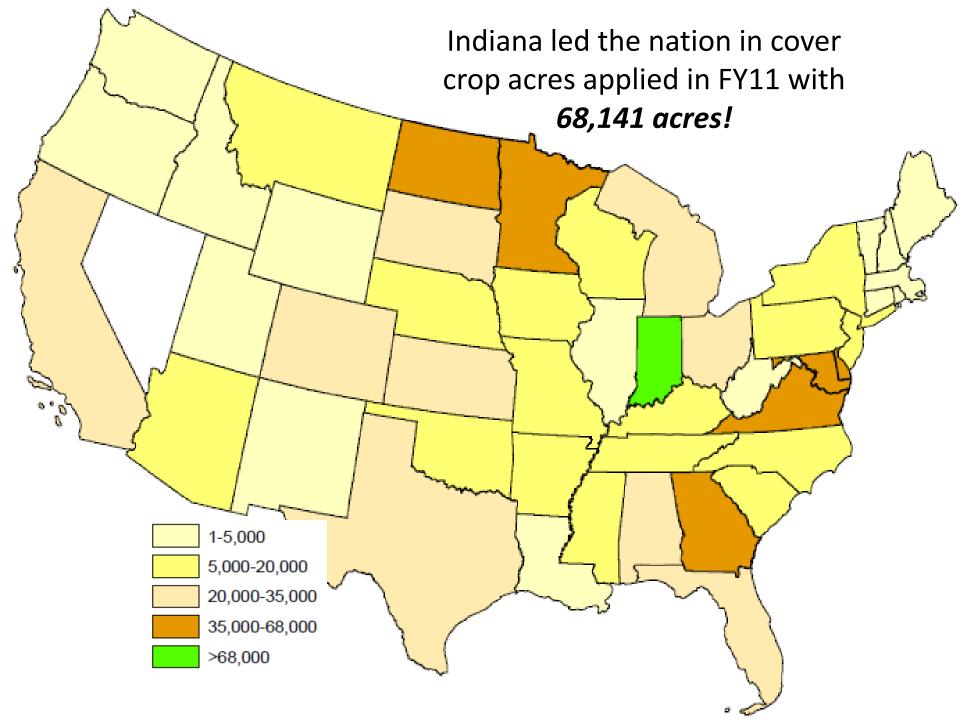






#### Indiana's **SUCCESS** = Measured by Cover Crops









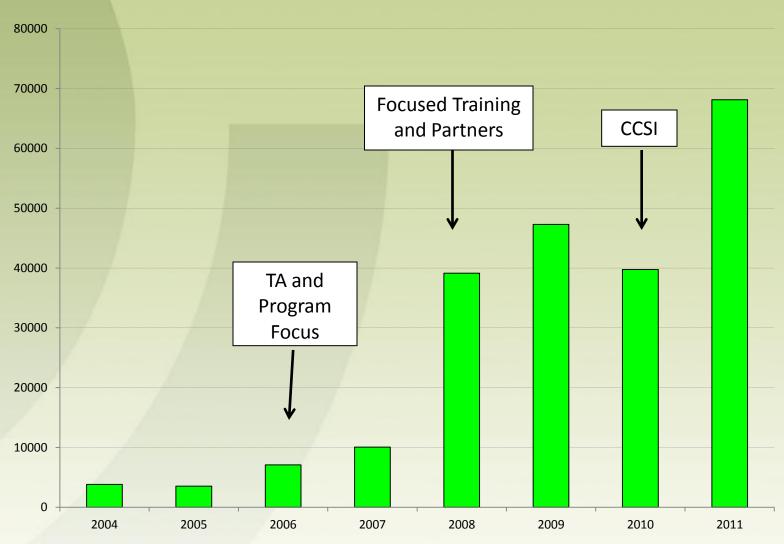


# From Indiana's Tillage Transect, there were an estimated 180,000+ acres of cover crops planted for crop year 2011!





#### **INDIANA APPLIED COVER CROP ACRES**









#### **INDIANA'S ROAD TO SUCCESS:**

•2010 - present = Conservation Cropping Systems Initiative (CCSI)

- CCSI = workshops, field days, and technical assistance to producers
  - To Date = over 130 workshops and presentations;
     over 7500 farmers and private providers
  - The Future = expand and engage the PRIVATE SECTOR and MONITOR/MEASURE benefits









## Questions?

For More Information: www.in.nrcs.usda.gov